

Tax Compliance in Austria Fair Play - Thinking Tax Administration in a New Way

July 2011 1

Overview



- Dilemma in times of crisis
- So what?
- Fair Play
 - Supporting cooperation
 - Preserving tax equality
 - Protecting fair economy
 - Talking about it

Dilemma



- New tasks for tax administrations because of tax regulations fighting against economic crisis
 - first: new tax provisions to stimulate consumption and economy (e.g. reduction of tax rates, scrapping premium for old cars)
 - now: new tax regulations to consolidate the budget
- Cost cutting for administration because of decreasing budgets as a consequence of the economic crisis
 - reduction of staff
 - restrictions for ICT budget
 - less or no money for new developments

Fair Play Have decided no

Thinking in the past



Fairness zahlt sich aus.

Have decided not to comply	Use the full force of law
Don't want to comply but will if we pay attention	Deter by detection
Try to but don't always succeed	Assist to comply
Willing to do the right thing	Make it easy

Strategy of Tax Compliance

So what?



• More of the same?

- more responsibilities
- more audits
- more and better services
- more efficiency
- new technology

So what?



Or thinking tax administration in a new way?

- focussing on main task: securing tax revenue
- understanding tax administration as part of its environment
- a paradigm shift

Thinking Tax Administration in a new way



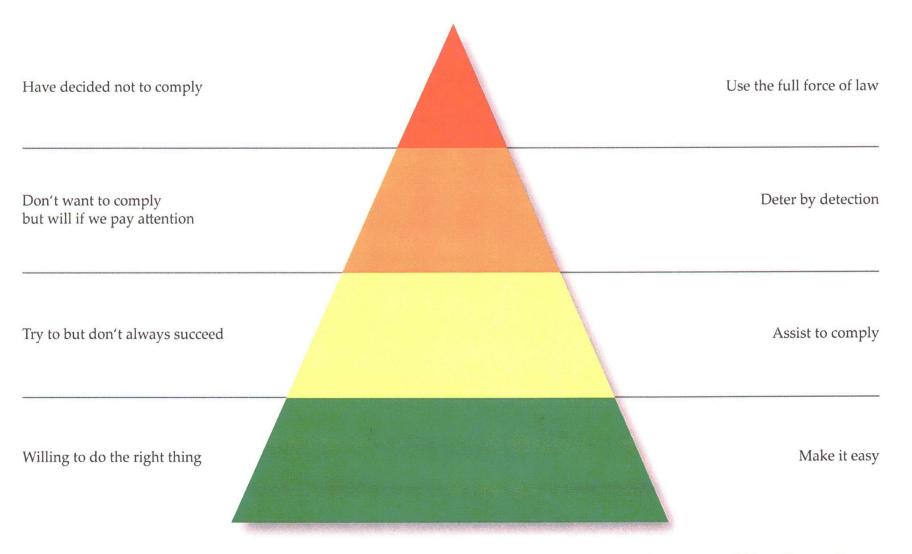
- complex environment
 - black economy, globalisation, tax competition, economic crisis, cost reduction in public administration
- tax administrations meet their limits
 - more tasks, more audits, more and better services, more efficiency, more technology
- "doing more of the same" is not realistic any longer
- methodical background of Fair Play initiative based on idea of Good Governance:
 - institutional and interactive arrangements
 - interrelation between special interest groups
 - selective network management

Fair Play

Working in the presence



Fairness zahlt sich aus.



Strategy of Tax Compliance

So what? (or: SWOT)



Thinking tax administration in a new way

- trust instead of control?
- self responsibility instead of service?
- flexibility instead of continuity?
- just in time instead of quality standards?
- web space instead of cash register?
- application service providing instead of certifying software?

Ways of Interaction



- Fair Play as a package of support-, controland anti-fraud-measures to improve tax compliance
 - increasing tax compliance through proactive involvement of business and citizens
 - ensuring financial interest of the state
 - ensuring fair competition for the honest economy
- ways of interaction
 - charta of tax and customs administration
 - education in tax matters
 - interaction between taxpayers/intermediaries and tax administration
 - inter-organisational cooperation

Nice, 7th July 2011

Fair Play is



- a behaviour, which goes further than observing rules
- an attitude, where companies and/or citizens and tax administration act like partners
- the willingness to voluntarily follow tax rules in the sense of contributing to general public interest
- a sphere of mutual transparency and openness
- using the full power of law in case of noncompliant behaviour

Fair Play intents



- to increase the tax and customs compliance by active involvement of companies and citizens
- to secure the national finances for maintaining common public interest
- to guarantee fair competition for fair economy
- to secure a stable field for law abiding entrepreneurs

Fair Play should



support the cooperation

- regional compliance teams in high risk areas (raise awareness for specific economic needs)
- installing supervisors and contracting memoranda of understanding (e.g. with large construction companies)
- horizontal monitoring of large companies (continuous exchange of information)
- advance ruling
- service- and quality standards
- round tables with chambers of commerce, with tax advisers etc.
- Code of Conduct with tax advisers

Fair Play should



sustain tax equality

- developing abbreviated control standards (e.g. annual controls, limited to certain taxes)
- facilitating the number of first level contacts, followed by a check of further behaviour (Present Observation)
- using standard audit file tax to speed-up controls
- detecting and pro-active communicating of aggressive tax planning models

Fair Play should



protect fair economy

- performing targeted anti fraud actions in high risk areas
- enhancing tax inspection to avoid reduction of revenues
- holistic combat against illegal employment
- affiliated combat against hidden economy and social security fraud
- further improvement of international cooperation in fighting against fraud
- targeted risk management and risk-indexing

Fair Play



talking about paying taxes

- behaviour of tax payers and behaviour of tax officers have to be changed
- changing behaviour is a learning process
- learning is communication
- tax payers must be told and taught that they are part of the society and have to do their bit
- tax officers must be told and taught that they have to convince tax payers of voluntary compliance

Education in Tax Matters and Tax Compliance



- education and training are determining factors
- raise awareness among the employees of administration
 - tax compliance is an integrated part of the basic training courses
- education in tax matters is taught in certain schools
 - to explain why taxes are levied
 - for what they are spent
 - what this means for the juveniles
- development in the area of training and schooling in cooperation with the chamber of tax advisers
 - apprenticeship called assistant in taxes
 - on the academic level a bachelor and master course of studies was developed called "Tax Manager"
 - internship for future lawyers and judges
- "Days of Taxes" where from both sides' speakers inform and discuss news in tax law
- theme parties dealing with certain topics of tax compliance, where representatives of tax administration, companies, tax advisers and students exchange their ideas and opinions

Interaction between Taxpayers/Intermediaries and Tax Administration



non-self-employed

- tailored information that emphasises on personal income assessment and family allowance
- visits at universities, in old peoples' home, in mosques, railway stations, ...

start-ups

- first visit and during the first year an intensive support and consultation

SMEs

- standardised short audit for non risk branches
- focussing on defined topics
- minimizing compliance costs for companies

large taxpayers

- advance ruling
- pilot project on horizontal monitoring

different ways in cooperation with chambers

- involvement of all chambers in the appraisal process of a new law
- "Get your money back" for employees initiative with chamber of labour
- information campaign with pensioner's association
- in cooperation with chamber of commerce "Day for Start-Ups"
- contact committee with chamber of tax advisers, chamber of commerce and trade unions on federal and regional level

Inter-Organisational Cooperation



service

- common portal for private persons on administrative issues (together with other administrations): www.help.gv.at
- common portal for enterprises on administrative issues (together with other administrations): www.usp.gv.at

auditing

- common audit of wage tax and social security contributions
- virtual audit unit of tax administration and social security institution

fight against fraud

- coaction with the department of public prosecution has shown a high success rate when talking about institutionalised fraud
- "Action Days" in certain risk branches all over Austria or in a region, controls are done together with the police, the social security companies and other public institutions



Thank you for your attention!